

Section 12.1 — Scatter Plots and Correlation

Chris Godbout

Outline

Introduction

Correlations

Significance of Correlation

Coefficient of Determination

Introduction

Definitions

Definition (Scatter Plot)

A **scatter plot** is a graph on the xy -plane that contains one point for each pair of data.

Definitions

Definition (Scatter Plot)

A **scatter plot** is a graph on the xy -plane that contains one point for each pair of data.

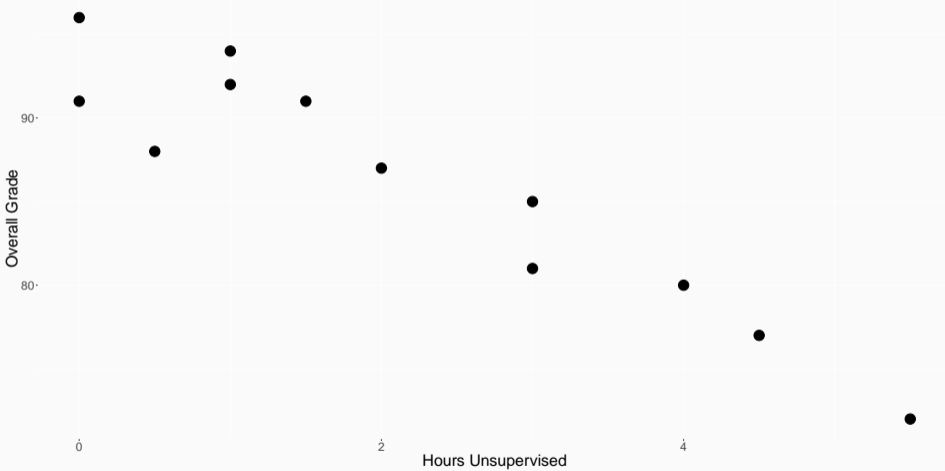
Definition (Variables)

If there is some sort of relationships, we say that a change in variable — the **explanatory variable** — influences a change in the other variable — the **response variable**.

Grades

Hours Unsupervised	0	0	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.5
Overall Grade Average	96	91	88	92	94	91
Hours Unsupervised	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.5	5.6
Overall Grade Average	87	85	81	80	77	72

Grades

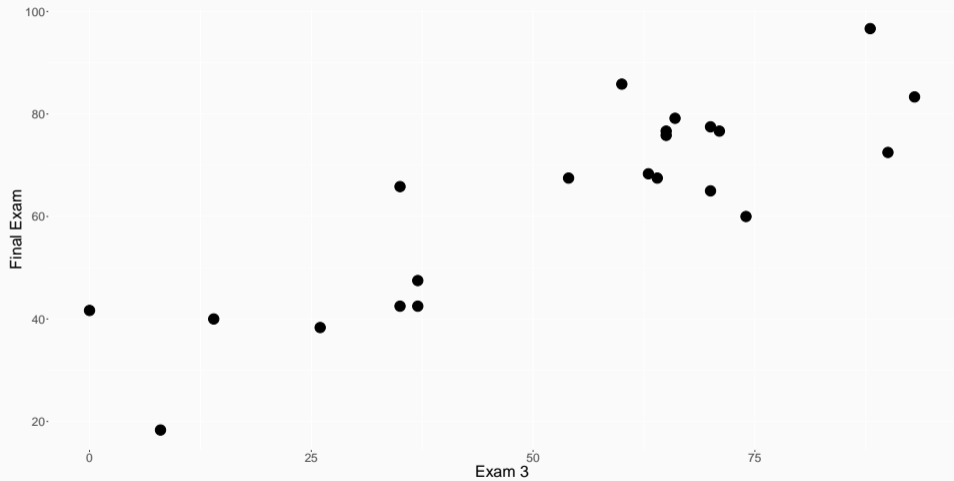


Exam Scores

Exam 3	74	65	90	88	14	71	35	93	0	64	70
Final	60	77	73	97	40	77	43	83	42	68	78

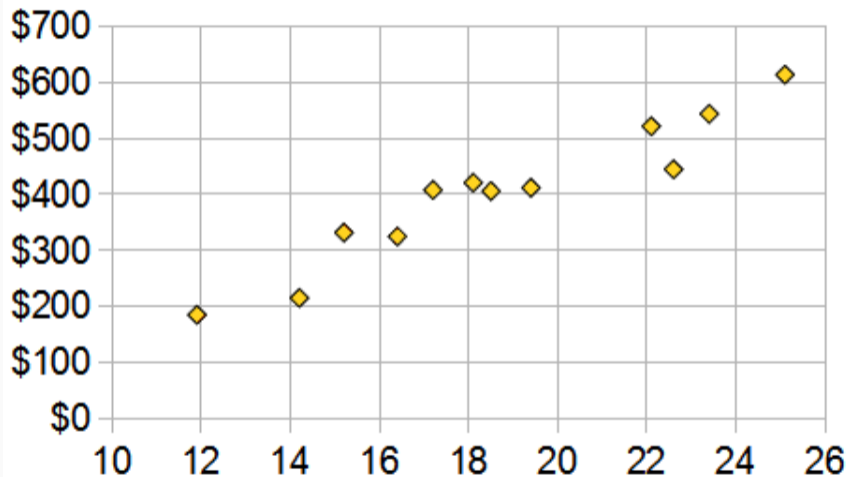
Exam 3	65	66	37	70	54	60	35	26	37	63	8
Final	76	80	43	65	68	86	66	39	48	69	18

Exam Scores

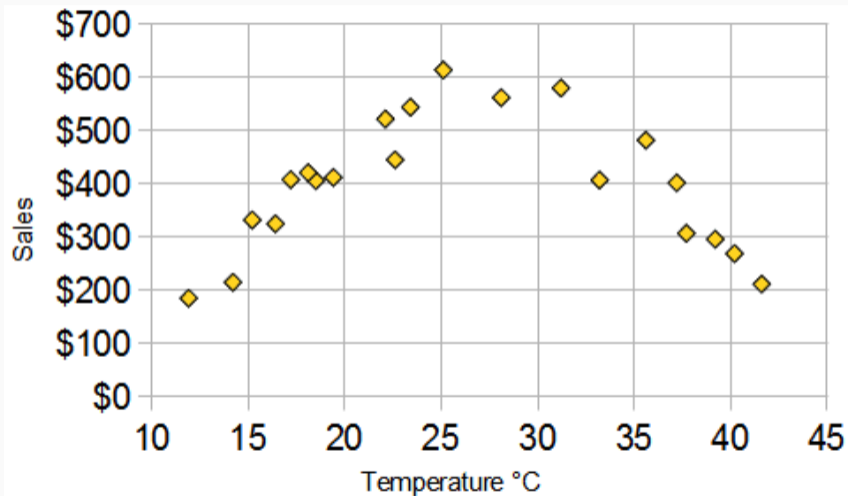


Correlations

Linear Correlation



Nonlinear Correlation



Pearson Correlation Coefficient

Definition (Correlation Coefficient)

The **Pearson correlation coefficient**, ρ , is the parameter that measures the strength of a linear relationship between two quantitative variables in a population. The correlation coefficient for a sample is denoted r . It is always between -1 and 1 , inclusive.

$$-1 \leq r \leq 1$$

Simple to remember

$$r = \frac{\sum(z_x z_y)}{n - 1}$$

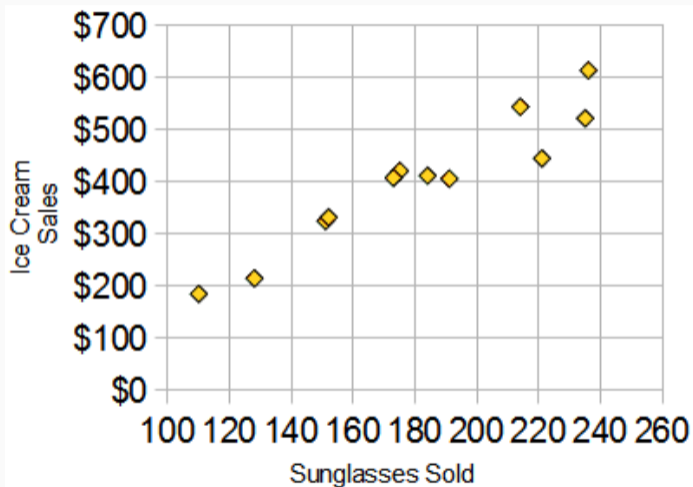
Simple to remember

$$r = \frac{\sum(z_x z_y)}{n - 1}$$

Harder to remember

$$r = \frac{n(\sum xy) - (\sum x)(\sum y)}{\sqrt{n(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2} \sqrt{n(\sum y^2) - (\sum y)^2}}$$

Correlation?



Significance of Correlation

Significance

A sample correlation coefficient, r , is significant if $|r| \geq r_\alpha$.

Hypothesis Test!

Hypotheses

Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho = 0$$

$$H_a : \rho \neq 0$$

Negative Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho \geq 0$$

$$H_a : \rho < 0$$

Positive Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho \leq 0$$

$$H_a : \rho > 0$$

Hypothesis Test!

Hypotheses

Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho = 0$$

$$H_a : \rho \neq 0$$

Negative Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho \geq 0$$

$$H_a : \rho < 0$$

Positive Correlation

$$H_0 : \rho \leq 0$$

$$H_a : \rho > 0$$

Test Statistic

$$t = \frac{r}{\sqrt{\frac{1-r^2}{n-2}}}$$

with $n - 2$ degrees of freedom.

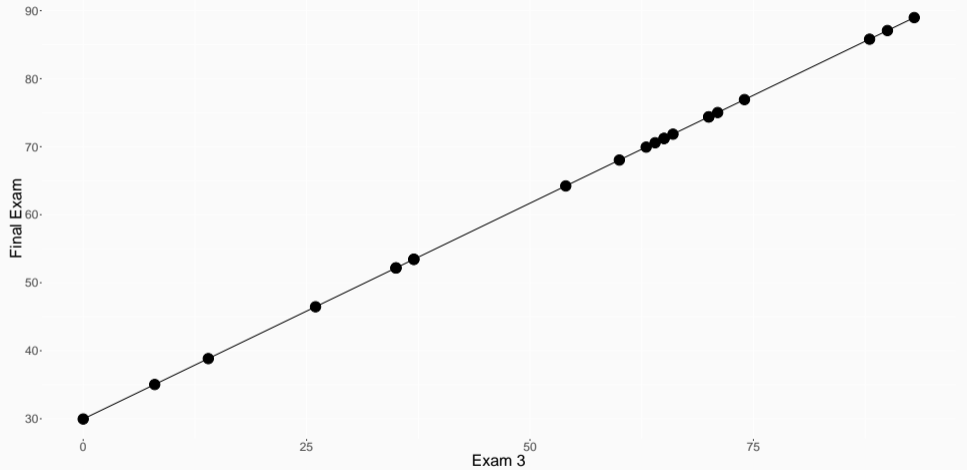
Coefficient of Determination

Definition

Definition (Coefficient of Determination)

The **coefficient of determination**, r^2 , is the measure of the proportion of variation in the response variable that can be associated with the variation in the explanatory variable.

$$r^2 = 1$$



$$r^2 < 1$$

